SCHEDULE 6 TO CLAUSE 42.02 VEGETATION PROTECTION OVERLAY

Shown on the planning scheme map as VPO6.

OUTER BARRIER VEGETATION PROTECTION AREA

1.0

Statement of nature and significance of vegetation to be protected

A number of small isolated “pockets” of private land are located on the Outer Barrier and Boole Poole Peninsula of the Gippsland Lakes. These areas are characterised by extensive remnant native coastal, wetland and woodland vegetation types, all providing important habitat for native fauna.

Vegetation contributes significantly towards landscape values of the area. Views from the water and northern lakeshore escarpments are dominated by a variety of native vegetation types.

Remnant native vegetation also plays an important role in stabilising the potentially erodible sandy landforms characteristic of the area.

The surrounding land forms part of the Gippsland Lakes Coastal Park.

Background documents

Gippsland Lakes Coastal Action Plan, (Gippsland Coastal Board, 1999).

2.0

Vegetation protection objectives to be achieved

The Outer Barrier Vegetation Protection Overlay seeks to conserve high conservation value vegetation and vegetation with high landscape value.

The overlay objective is to ensure that development occurs so as:

- To conserve areas of high conservation value vegetation by minimising the extent of vegetation loss.
- To preserve existing trees and other vegetation where it contributes to high landscape values on the Outer Barrier.
- To conserve and enhance fauna habitat by minimising the extent of vegetation loss and encouraging regeneration of indigenous species.
- To reduce the risk of soil erosion and degradation of water quality by minimising the extent of vegetation loss.

3.0

Permit requirement

A permit is required to remove, destroy or lop any native vegetation. This does not apply in the following circumstances:

- Vegetation that is dead.
- The minimum extent of vegetation necessary for the maintenance of existing fences.
- For the removal or lopping of the minimum extent of vegetation necessary for regular maintenance carried out by or on behalf of a public authority, government department or municipal council.
- For the removal, destruction or lopping of any vegetation deemed unsafe by a suitably qualified arborist and/or to the satisfaction of the responsible authority.
- For activities conducted on public land by or on behalf of the Department of Sustainability and Environment under the relevant provisions of the Reference Areas Act 1978, the National Parks Act 1975, the Fisheries Act 1995, the Wildlife Act 1975, the Land Act 1958, the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978 or the Forests Act 1958.
All applications to remove, destroy or lop any vegetation must demonstrate how any relevant Decision Guidelines have been incorporated so as to avoid or minimise impact to high conservation value vegetation and high landscape values.

An application must also be accompanied by the following information, as appropriate:

- Description of the purpose for which the removal, destruction or lopping of vegetation is to be undertaken.
- Detailed scale map of the subject land indicating north and showing:
  - Property boundaries and dimensions.
  - Area where removal of vegetation is to be undertaken, existing cleared area, and area to be retained as vegetation.
  - Type and condition of vegetation that is proposed to be removed or cleared.
  - All waterways, drainage lines and wetlands.
  - Adjacent roads and any unused road easements.
- Any native fauna known to be present on or near the subject land.

**Application requirements**

None specified.

**Decision guidelines**

The following decision guidelines apply to an application for a permit under Clause 42.02, in addition to those specified in Clause 42.02 and elsewhere in the scheme which must be considered, as appropriate, by the responsible authority:

- The extent to which the vegetation sought to be removed or cleared contributes towards the need to:
  - Conserve and enhance areas of high conservation value vegetation.
  - Minimise the risk of soil erosion, sedimentation and degradation of water quality.
  - Protect and enhance the visual amenity and landscape quality of the area.
  - Conserve and enhance fauna habitat.
  - The need to assess alternative options regarding the removal of vegetation to better achieve the Overlay objectives.
  - The need to undertake revegetation with appropriate indigenous species to offset any loss of environmental values resulting from the works or development.

**Referral of applications**

All applications to remove, destroy or lop any vegetation must be referred to the Department of Sustainability and Environment for comment, unless in the opinion of the responsible authority the proposal satisfies any requirements or conditions previously agreed in writing between the responsible authority and the Department of Sustainability and Environment.

**Exemption from notice and review**

An application to remove, destroy or lop any vegetation in association with uses in Section 1 of the Zone applying to the land is exempt from the notice requirements of Section 52(1)(a), (b) and (d), the decision requirements of Section 64(1), (2) and (3) and the appeal rights of Section 82(1) of the Act.